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Background

In November 2021, HSBC partnered with East and Partners to speak to financial decision makers from more than 400 organisations across Asia-Pacific to find out how they are assessing their supply chains based on the macro-economic and geo-political environment, and to understand their digital and sustainability priorities.

This research report summary highlights the key insights that have arisen out of the survey, the challenges organisations are facing with their supply chains, as well as the opportunities for shaping a resilient future. Helping you shape this future of trade is what matters to us and we're here to build a smarter business together.

Market	% of total
Hong Kong SAR	16.1%
India	15.9%
Japan	16.4%
Mainland China	15.9%
Singapore	16.4%
Australia	4.8%
Indonesia	4.8%
Malaysia	4.8%
South Korea	4.8%

Participant job title	% of total
Corporate Treasurer	77.3%
CFO	12.3%
Corporate Trade Head	9.4%
Finance Director	0.5%
Other	0.5%



**Under the pandemic, corporates have been looking for more efficient working capital solutions and digitisation for the supply chains. They are looking to the banks to provide this in a seamless and cost-efficient manner.

Ajay Sharma Regional Head of Global Trade and Receivables Finance, Asia Pacific, HSBC



Key takeaways

Regional trends



Covid-19 remains the top macro factor impacting corporate supply chain management.



Top supply chain challenges according to corporates:

- ► Global economic slowdown (84%)
- ► Growing regulatory requirements (73%)
- ► Major currencies volatility (62%)



52% of Asia Pacific corporates continue to onshore their supply chains in Asia and rationalise their supply chain partners to build resilience.

Financing



Most common funding programmes for supply chains in Asia Pacific:

- ► Traditional trade finance (77%)
- ► Available working capital (67%)







27% of corporates are using receivables financing, but for those that do, it represents 65% of their total supply chain funding.

Sustainability



33% of corporates have environmental policies in place across their supply chains.



Yet 41% of these have no metrics in place to measure progress or success.



36% of corporates view 'a lack of associated definitions' as the key barrier to integrating sustainability policies.

Digitisation



Investors (25%), customers (24%) and internal stakeholders (21%) are the top three drivers of digitisation.



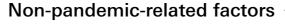
76% are expecting to increase the level of digitisation across their supply chains.



What are the biggest factors influencing corporate supply chains?

management

Pandemic-related factors Border Counterparty Supply chain restrictions risk restrictions/ Logistic challenges Supply Overall impact Inventory of the pandemic









Changes in policies Opportunities in digitising physical supply chains

Geo-political issues

The whole geo-political situation is creating a lot of hesitancy around order timings and volumes from our distributors and large direct customers in the region; everyone's trying to shorten their chains as much as they can."

Corporate Treasurer, Exporter Hong Kong SAR

"Covid's continuing to impact our supply chain, in particular shipping times and costs, both of which are going through the roof."

Regional Treasurer, Japanese Consumer Manufacturer



shortage

The future of supply chains

Top supply chain challenges in 2022



84% Global economic slowdown



73% Growing regulatory requirements

Challenges vary across different segments



Multinationals

Major currencies volatility (85%) Counterparty risks (73%) Digitising the supply chain (60%)



Local / regional corporates

Physical stock security (45%) Maior currencies volatility (44%) Supply chain fulfillment risks (41%)



Traditional enterprises

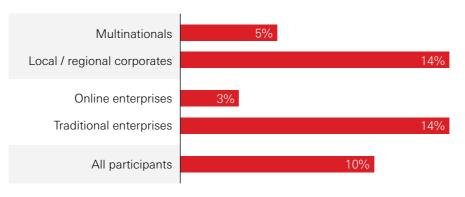
Major currencies volatility (61%) Counterparty risks (54%) Physical stock security (46%)



Online enterprises

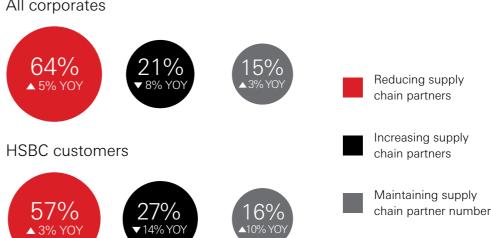
Digitising the supply chain (69%) Major currencies volatility (65%) Supply chain fulfillment risks (59%)

Corporates struggling with what to do next for their supply chains:



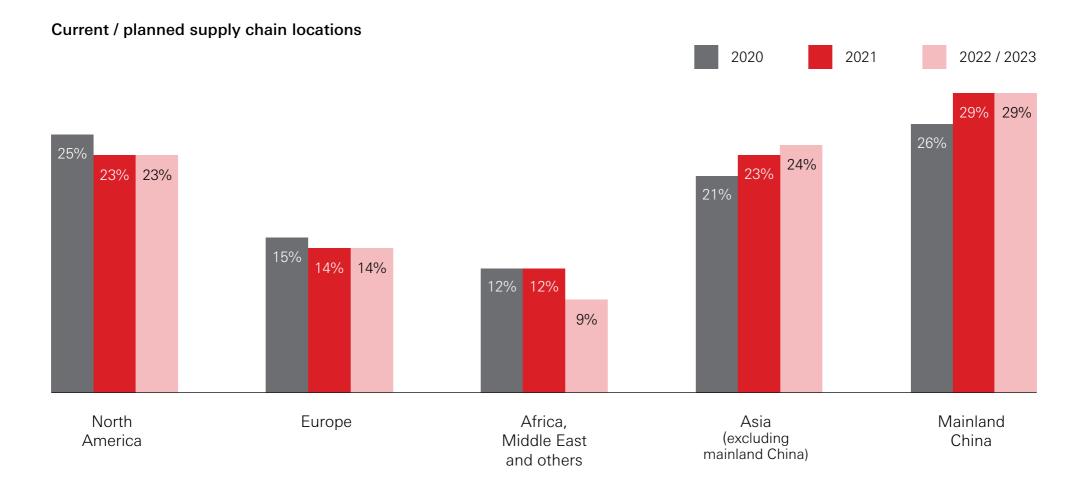
Corporates continue to rationalise their supply chain partners in 2022 / 2023:

All corporates





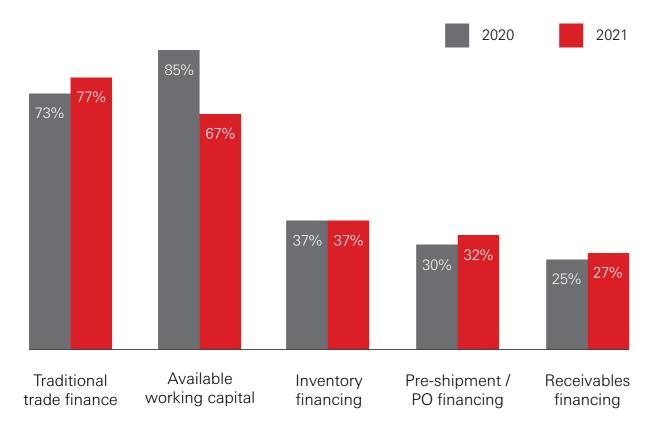
Corporates are still pivoting their supply chains closer to home, and the trend is expected to continue into 2022 and 2023



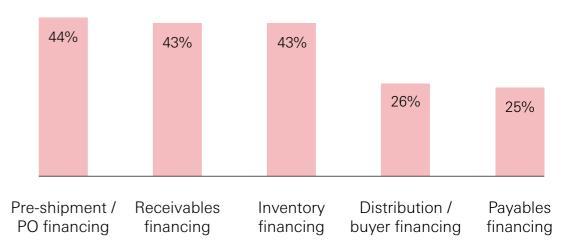


There is increased appetite for alternative supply chain funding programmes

Top supply chain funding solutions by product penetration



Most popular supply chain financing products by 2022 / 23 (By combining existing demand with forecast product uptake)





These strategic priorities reflect a desire to consider alternative supply chain funding programmes



56% Refinance supply chain funding / change financiers used



50% Strengthen strategic supplier relationships



41% Establish a distributor financing / floor plan



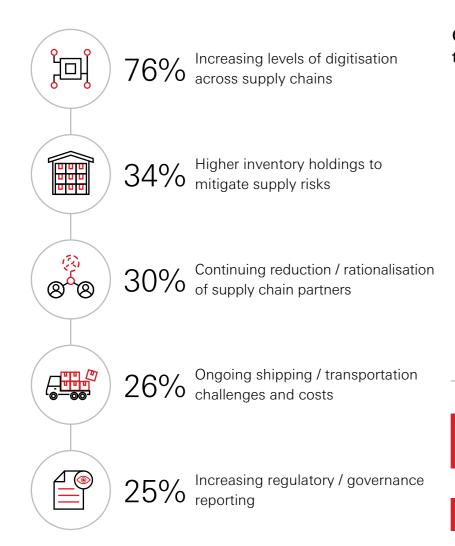
34% Optimise working capital along the entire supply chain



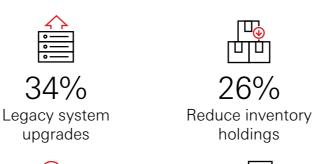
23% Reduce days outstanding across supply chains



Digitisation is the top strategic priority for corporate supply chains



Corporates are using digital tools to enhance their supply chain capabilities:



24%

Real time

delivery alerts



Integrate with key supply partners' platforms



of corporates are not yet using digital tools to connect to a supply chain ecosystem

- Looking to digitise as much as we can; we're about halfway through this, partnering with our trade bank, and benefits, especially around reporting, risk and speed are already coming through; very pleased so far. Corporate Treasurer, Singaporean Consumer and Durables Corporation
- We're finding the more digitisation in our supply chain the stickier customers and suppliers actually become.
 Treasurer, Singaporean Health Group



Clearer ESG measurement definitions are needed



33% already have environmental policies in place across their supply chain.



Yet 41% of these have no metrics to measure the progress / success of their sustainability transition projects.



do not have sustainable finance solutions in place for their supply chains.

Key barriers facing corporates incorporating sustainability into their supply chains:



36%

Lack of definitions around sustainability measurements



11%

Inadequate support /
focus at senior
levels / board



8%

Lack of knowledge and understanding internally



8%

Levels of investment involved

We've been going green for a while now and we think we're ahead of our peers; we're seeing our funding costs slowly reduce against book, much more interest in the business from external investors and starting to see an entirely different kind of customer coming in.

Treasurer, mainland Chinese Telecom Group

Building better clarity around what 'green' actually means from a financing perspective; quantify the benefits and conditions involved for our sheet.

Group Treasurer, Japanese Manufacturer



Asia Supply Chains -A New Era for mainland China



Supply chain challenges:

- 1. Supply chain restrictions / logistic challenges
- 2. Supply shortage
- 3. Border restrictions
- 4. Overall impact of the pandemic
- 5. Counterparty risk



Supply chain financing:

- 1. Pre-shipment / PO financing (11%)
- 2. Receivables financing (9%)
- 3. Traditional trade finance (6%)
- 4. Inventory financing (6%)

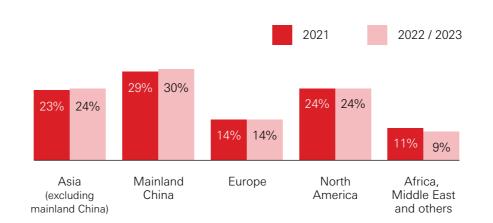


Supply chain initiatives:

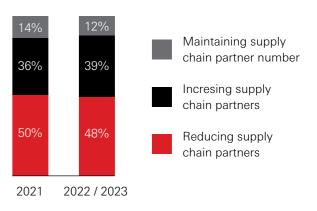
- 1. Strengthen strategic supplier relationships (53%)
- 2. Refinance supply chain funding / change financiers used (50%)
- 3. Optimise working capital (36%)
- 4. Establish a distributor financing / floor plan (30%)

Supply chain locations 2021 vs 2022 / 23

Supply chain locations



Changes made / planned to supply chain partners



- Just completing a margin review of our supply partnerships to identify with whom we're making most money. 2022 is when we're looking to implement some pretty big changes.
 CFO, mainland Chinese e-Commerce Retailer
- We are increasing the number of our supply partners as a way of de-risking delivery and fulfillment, following an existing key supplier stopping shipments to us for four months.

 Group CFO, mainland Chinese Light Manufacturing Group
- Putting the finishing touches on a distributor funding deal with our financing panel to tighten and de-risk our receivables as well as lock in our distribution partners.
 Corporate Treasurer, mainland Chinese Exporting Manufacturer



Asia Supply Chains -A New Era for Hong Kong SAR



Supply chain challenges:

- 1. Border restrictions
- 2. Supply chain restrictions / logistic challenges
- 3. Counterparty risk
- 4. Overall impact of the pandemic
- 5. Supply shortage



Supply chain financing:

- 1. Receivables financing (19%)
- 2. Pre-shipment / PO financing (13%)
- 3. Distribution / buyer financing (12%)
- 4. Payables financing (9%)

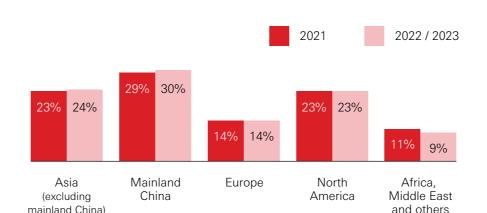


Supply chain initiatives:

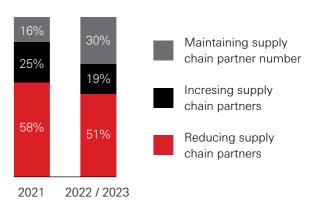
- 1. Refinance supply chain funding / change financiers used (52%)
- 2. Strengthen strategic supplier relationships (48%)
- 3. Optimise working capital (40%)
- 4. Establish a distributor financing / floor plan (31%)

Supply chain locations 2021 vs 2022 / 23

Supply chain locations



Changes made / planned to supply chain partners



A number of our suppliers have broadened their own supply networks and are incorporating new / extra partners which is benefitting us.

Treasurer, Importer / Exporter Hong Kong SAR

We bank with three trade financiers but are expecting to consolidate this just to HSBC; quite like their receivables solutions which our other two banks don't really have.

Corporate Treasurer, Retailer Hong Kong SAR



Asia Supply Chains -A New Era for India



Supply chain challenges:

- 1. Border restrictions
- 2. Counterparty risk
- 3. Supply chain restrictions / logistic challenges
- 4. Overall impact of the pandemic
- 5. Supply shortage



Supply chain financing:

- 1. Receivables financing (9%)
- 2. Traditional trade finance (8%)
- 3. Inventory financing (5%)
- 4. Pre-shipment / PO financing (5%)

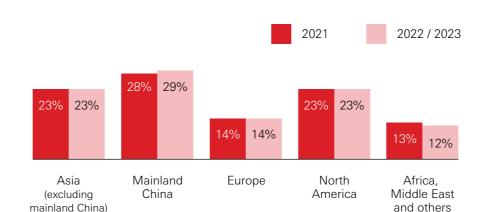


Supply chain initiatives:

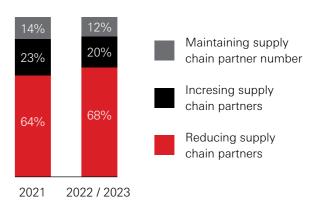
- 1. Strengthen strategic supplier relationships (67%)
- 2. Refinance supply chain funding / change financiers used (46%)
- 3. Optimise working capital (46%)
- 4. Introduce pre-shipment financing (32%)

Supply chain locations 2021 vs 2022 / 23

Supply chain locations



Changes made / planned to supply chain partners



Looking to put our supply chain financing out to tender first quarter 2022. We know there's been a lot of change and product innovation that we need to take advantage of.

Treasurer, Indian Manufacturer



Asia Supply Chains -A New Era for Singapore



Supply chain challenges:

- 1. Border restrictions
- 2. Counterparty risk
- 3. Supply shortage
- 4. Overall impact of the pandemic
- 5. Supply chain restrictions / logistic challenges



Supply chain financing:

- 1. Receivables financing (19%)
- 2. Distribution / buyer financing (16%)
- 3. Pre-shipment / PO financing (12%)
- 4. Payables financing (6%)

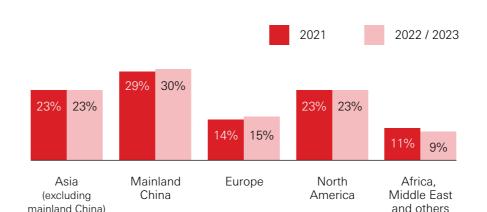


Supply chain initiatives:

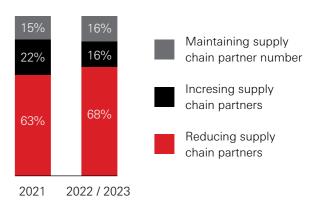
- 1. Strengthen strategic supplier relationships (56%)
- 2. Optimise working capital (56%)
- 3. Refinance supply chain funding / change financiers used (38%)
- 4. Reduce days outstanding across supply chains (28%)

Supply chain locations 2021 vs 2022 / 23

Supply chain locations



Changes made / planned to supply chain partners



"We've already rationalised a lot of our supply partners; some way to go yet but we're about 25% down of the numbers we work with compared with two years ago."

Treasurer, Singaporean Wholesale Trader

Partly organic growth in our trade but also reallocating / combining volume from our regional subsidiary local banking relationships and getting much more of our financing onto the one platform.

Treasurer, Singaporean Consumer Durables Importer / Exporter



Asia Supply Chains -A New Era for Japan



Supply chain challenges:

- 1. Border restrictions
- 2. Counterparty risk
- 3. Supply chain restrictions / logistic challenges
- 4. Supply shortage
- 5. Overall impact of the pandemic



Supply chain financing:

- 1. Distribution / buyer financing (9%)
- 2. Receivables financing (7%)
- 3. Payables financing (7%)
- 4. Inventory financing (7%)

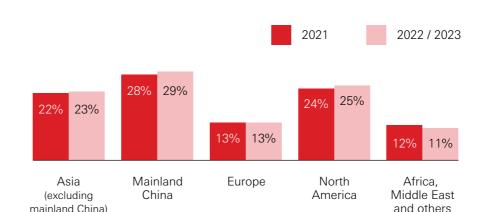


Supply chain initiatives:

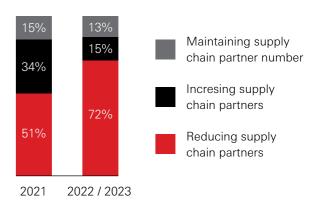
- 1. Establish a distributor financing / floor plan (81%)
- 2. Refinance supply chain funding / change financiers used (68%)
- 3. Strengthen strategic supplier relationships (40%)
- 4. Reduce days outstanding across supply chains (30%)

Supply chain locations 2021 vs 2022 / 23

Supply chain locations



Changes made / planned to supply chain partners



Our suppliers use different shipping channels and providers which is where supply roadblocks have been happening by increasing the number of suppliers, we increase the number of shipping options which provides us with quite effective cover.

Corporate Treasurer, Japanese Pharma Manufacturer

Our Board is our key digital driver they put a roadmap together two years ago which we've been implementing since and actually put in place a Digital Committee, chaired by our Assistant Chairman to push things.
Corporate Treasurer, Japanese Health Group



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